#### Product datasheet

MON3349



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Mouse anti-Human SV-40, clone MRQ-4 (Monoclonal) Clone no. MRQ-4

| Product name              | Mouse anti-Human SV-40, clone MRQ-4 (Monoclonal)                  |  |  |
|---------------------------|---|--|--|
| Host                      | Mouse   |  |  |
| Applications              | IHC-P (1:50-1:200)  |  |  |
| Species reactivity        | human   |  |  |
| Conjugate                 | -   |  |  |
| Immunogen                 | Unknown or proprietery to MONOSAN and/or its suppliers            |  |  |
| lsotupo                   | lgG2a   |  |  |
| lsotype                   | Igaza   |  |  |
| Clonality                 | Monoclonal  |  |  |
| Clone number              | MRQ-4   |  |  |
| Size                      | 1 ml  |  |  |
| Concentration             | n/a   |  |  |
| Format                    | -   |  |  |
| Storage buffer            | Tris Buffer, pH 7.3-7.7, containing 1% BSA and <0.1% Sodium Azide |  |  |
|                           |   |  |  |
| Storage until expiry date | 2-8°C   |  |  |

# FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

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#### Additional info

SV40, Simian Virus 40 is a polyomavirus that is found in both monkeys and humans. Like other polyomaviruses, SV40 is a DNA virus that has the potential to cause tumors. SV40 is believed to suppress the transcriptional properties of tumor-suppressing p53 in humans through the SV40 large Tantigen and SV40 small T-antigen. It is generally assumed that large T-antigen is the major protein involved in neoplastic processes and the large T-antigen predominantly exerts its effect through deregulation of tumor suppressor p53, which is responsible for initiating regulated cell death ("apoptosis"), or cell cycle arrest when a cell is damaged. A mutated p53 gene may contribute to uncontrolled cellular proliferation, leading to a tumor.

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