Product datasheet

MON2048R



Mouse anti-CD4, clone MEM-241, R-PE (Monoclonal) Clone no. MEM-241

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Product name	Mouse anti-CD4, clone MEM-241, R-PE (Monoclonal)
Host	Mouse
Applications	FC
Species reactivity	Human
Conjugate	PE
Immunogen	2 N-terminal domains of human CD4 fused to human IgG1 Fc
lsotype	lgG1
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone number	MEM-241
Size	100 tests
Concentration	n/a
Format	-
Storage buffer	Stabilizing phosphate buffered saline (PBS) solution containing 15 mM sodium azide
Storage until expiry date	2-8°C

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Additional info

CD4 (T4) is a single chain transmembrane glycoprotein and belongs to immunoglobulin supergene family. In extracellular region there are 4 immunoglobulin-like domains (1 Ig-like V-type and 3 Ig-like C2-type). Transmembrane region forms 25 aa, cytoplasmic tail consists of 38 aa. Domains 1,2 and 4 are stabilized by disulfide bonds. The intracellular domain of CD4 is associated with p56Lck, a Src-like protein tyrosine kinase. It was described that CD4 segregates into specific detergent-resistant T-cell membrane microdomains. Extracellular ligands: MHC class II molecules (binds to CDR2-like region in CD4 domain 1); HIV envelope protein gp120 (binds to CDR2-like region in CD4 domain 1); IL-16 (binds to CD4 domain 3), human seminal plasma glycoprotein gp17 (binds to CD4 domain 1), Lselectin. Intracellular ligands: p56LckCD4 is a co-receptor involved in immune response (co-receptor activity in binding to MHC class II molecules) and HIV infection (human immunodeficiency virus; CD4 is primary receptor for HIV-1 surface glycoprotein gp120). CD4 regulates T-cell activation, T/B-cell adhesion, T-cell diferentiation, T-cell selection and signal transduction. Defects in antigen presentation (MHC class II) cause dysfunction of CD4+ Tcells and their almost complete absence in patients blood, tissue and organs (SCID immunodeficiency).

References	1.	-
	2	-
	3.	-
	4.	-
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